Air Quality Models

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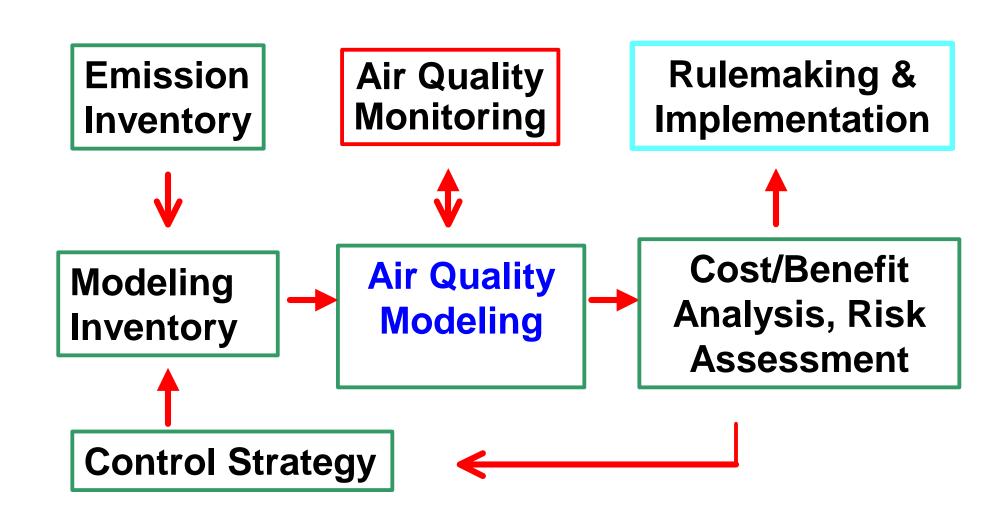
OUTLINE

- Role of models in air quality management
- Describe some EPA models
- Example uses
- Resources and information

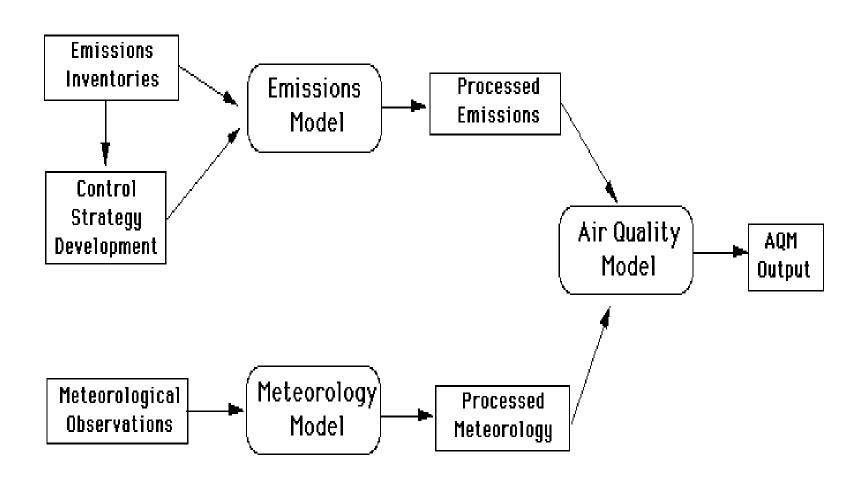
Roles of Air Quality Models

- Facility permitting
- Demonstrate adequacy of emission limits
- Policy analysis; project conditions in future years
- Help select sites for monitoring

Role of Air Quality Models in USEPA's AQ Management System



Basic Components of an Air Quality Modeling System



Suitability of Models

- Meteorological & topographical complexity
- Level of detail & accuracy needed
- Technical expertise of user
- Resources available
- Detail & accuracy of data base; Spatial & temporal variations in emissions inventory; Meteorological data; Monitoring data
- Air quality models most accurate (least degree of uncertainty) in simulating longterm averages in simple topography

Types of Air Quality Models

Gaussian

Numerical

Statistical/Empirical

Physical (wind tunnel)

Screening

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Refined

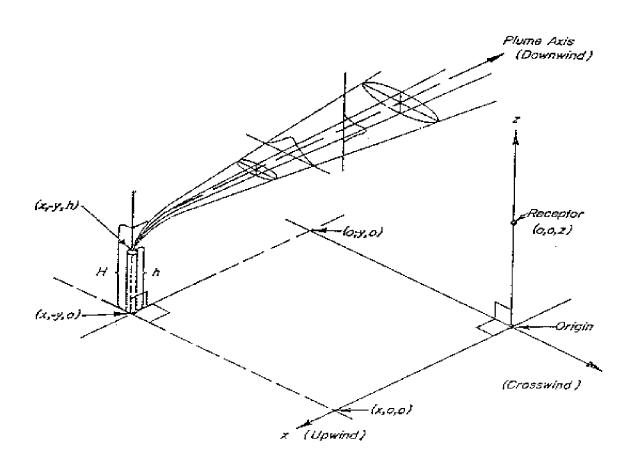
SCREENING Models at EPA

www.epa.gov/ttn/scram (screening tools)

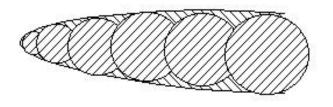
- Most elementary
- Conservative estimate (worst case meteorology) of concentrations
- Single or small groups of sources
- Done prior to refined modeling
- Most common: SCREEN3, TSCREEN

Gaussian Plume Models

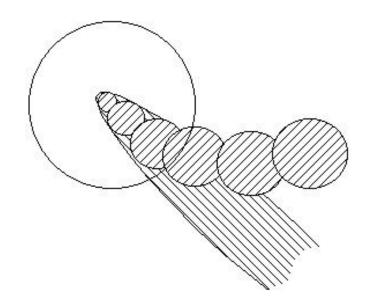
Most widely for used non-reactive pollutants



Gaussian Models

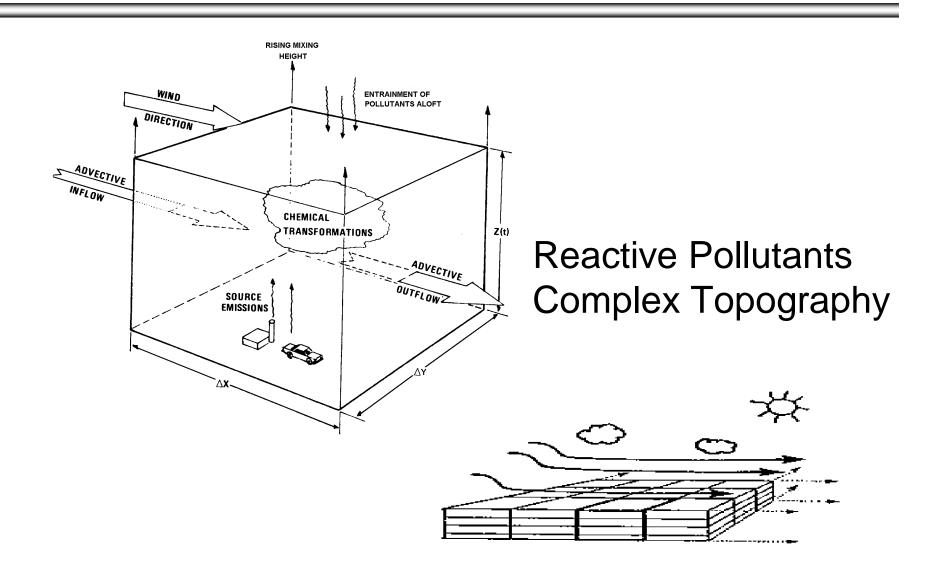


Steady State Approach: Plume=Puff



Non-Steady State
Approach: Puffs follow
the air

Numerical Grid Models



Sources of Air Quality Models

- EPA
 - Many refined models
 - Extensive evaluation (in comparison with monitoring data);
 Statistical measures of performance
 - Many screening models
 - Model code (executable & source code), documentation (users guides, guidance documents) publically available
- Other Government
 - DOE, DOD, FHWA, NASA, States
- Private Sector
 - Several listed in Guideline on Air Quality Models; little or no charge
 - Others with varying charges
 - Some are EPA models with enhanced user interfaces
- Foreign Countries

Supporting Models/Tools

- Process meteorological data
 - EPA models
 - NOAA models
- Process emissions for input to models
- Process terrain data
- Process census data
- Visualization

Examples: Policy Analysis

EPA's National-Scale Air Toxics Assessment (NATA) for 1996

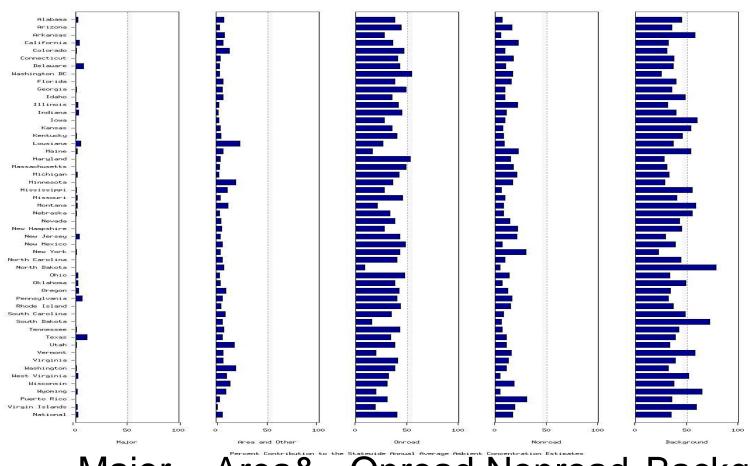
Goal:

Nationwide estimates of inhalation exposure & risk for 32 urban air toxics + diesel PM

Prioritize data (e.g., emissions & ambient monitoring) & research needs

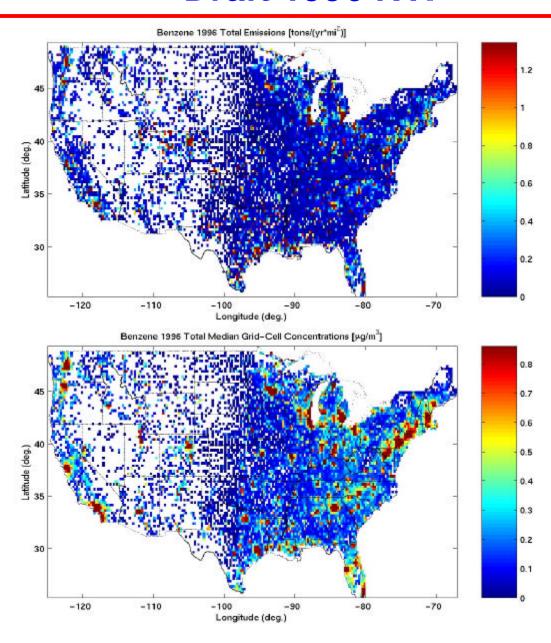
Provide a baseline to help measure future trends

NATA Ambient Concentration Results: Percent Contribution of the State-Wide Annual Average Concentration of Benzene (draft 1996 NTI)



Major Area& Onroad Nonroad Background other

Example of AQM application: NATA Draft 1996 NTI



Resources and Information

- http://www.epa.gov/ttn/scram SCRAM; (Support Center for Regulatory Air Models website)
- Air Pollution Training Institute

SCRAM website:

- Air Quality models, code, user's guides and guidance documents
- Appendix W: Guideline on Air Quality Models
- 7th Modeling Conference: proceedings and proposed rulemaking
- Forum & Frequently Asked Questions
- Links to other websites (e.g., code developers)

Air Pollution Training Institute (APTI)

- http://www.epa.gov/oar/oaqps/eog/ shows course listings
- Classroom courses
- On-line courses
- Self instructional classes
- Workshops/seminars
- Satellite courses

Summary (1)

- Air quality modeling has a role in air toxics assessments
- Different types of models for different situations
- Improvements continue to be made
- Information is available (www.epa.gov/ttn/scram)

Summary (2) Proficiencies for Air Quality Modeling

- Meteorological data and processing methods
- Emissions data and processing methods
- Understanding of modeling:
 - Diffusion/transport
 - Atmospheric chemistry
- Data analysis/statistics (model evaluation)
- Working knowledge of computer systems & requirements